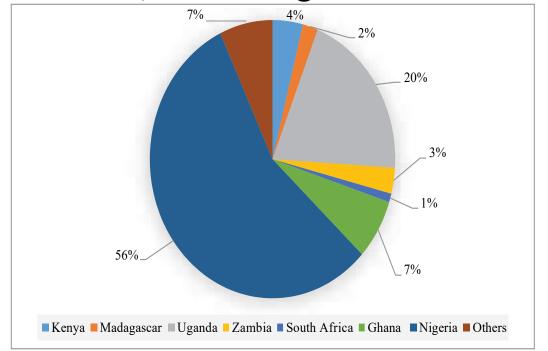
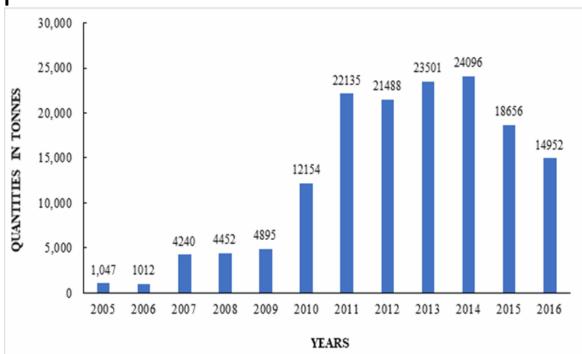
#### **AQUACULTURE DIVISION**



- Fish farming in Kenya dates back to the introduction of trout as sport fish for stocking rivers between 1910 and 1921.
- Eat More fish campaigns dating back to 1963 had little effect of aquaculture development in the country

However, this changed since ESP inception





#### SEED IMPROVEMENT

- Nile tilapia selective breeding at KMFRI Sagana is at the F7 generation and African catfish at F3 generation. The generations are currently being subjected to growth and survival comparison trials.
- Further hybridization and back crossing of African catfish local strain and Dutch strain have enhanced catfish production at hatchery and grow-out levels.







#### Cont.....

- KMFRI Kegati Centre is at advanced levels of introduction to aquaculture of indigenous species with high commercial value. This include Tilapia baringo, Jipe tilapia and African carps (*Labeo* and *Barbus*).
- Labeo victorianus, Tilapia baringo and Tilapia jipe are already domesticated with culture growth and survival against varying diets underway.







#### **Feeds**

- Locally available fish feed ingredients documented and proximate analysis conducted to inform formulations.
- Locally pelletized and commercial feeds have been tested on their effects on Nile tilapia growth and survival in cages in Lake Victoria with KMFRI pelletized feeds emerging 2<sup>nd</sup> among local and imported commercial feeds

#### Cont....

• Potential omega-3 rich aquatic marine and freshwater macrophytes documented and high value species analyzed for essential amino acids. Selected species have been included in fish feed formulations and on-farm growth trials successfully



#### Insect based feeds

 KMFRI Sagana Centre is working closely with ICIPE on replacement of fish meal with insects (Black soldier fly). Mass culturing achieved, processed and feed formulated and tested.



#### KMFRI Commercial Feeds

• KMFRI Sangoro is 6 months old as the latest entrant into commercial standards fish feed producer in Kenya. This is aimed at regulating the private sector prices.





## Live feed production

- KMFRI Sangoro is leading on the bio-floc technology and use of fertilizer for mass production of bacterial and other zooplankton for fish larval rearing.
- This has significantly lowered larval mortality of catfish and enhanced survival and quality of tilapia fingerlings.



## Culture Systems Technologies



















## Mariculture at Kenyan Coast



















#### UpcomingTechnologies

- KMFRI Kegati has initiated the adoption of above ground wooden backyard pond technology for small scale and peri-urban land owners.
- KMFRI Sagana and Sangoro are enabling fish hatchery operators adopted the greenhouse system for enhanced performance.

• KMFRI Kegati is working with WorldFish Centre (Egypt) in the adoption of inpond raceway by farmers in Kenya.





# Adoption of in-pond Raceway Technology in Kenya by KMFRI, AAK & SDFBE



## **Hatchery Technologies**

SANGORO



#### KEGATI



## Commercial Hatchery

- A commercial hatchery may contain the following facilities;
  - broodstock holding
  - spawning area,
  - feed culture facility,
  - larval culture area,
  - juvenile culture area,
  - pump facilities,
  - laboratory,
  - offices and bathrooms
  - Quarantine &chemical disposal area



## Post-harvest Handling and Value Addition

- KMFRI Sagana is leading the aquaculture division in fish value addition, products development and shelf life assessment.
- 10 products developed including;
- ✓ Samosa
- √ Fish balls
- √ Fish fingers
- ✓ Fish pie
- ✓ Sausage



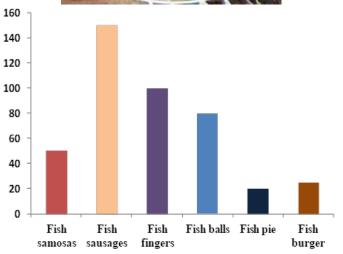
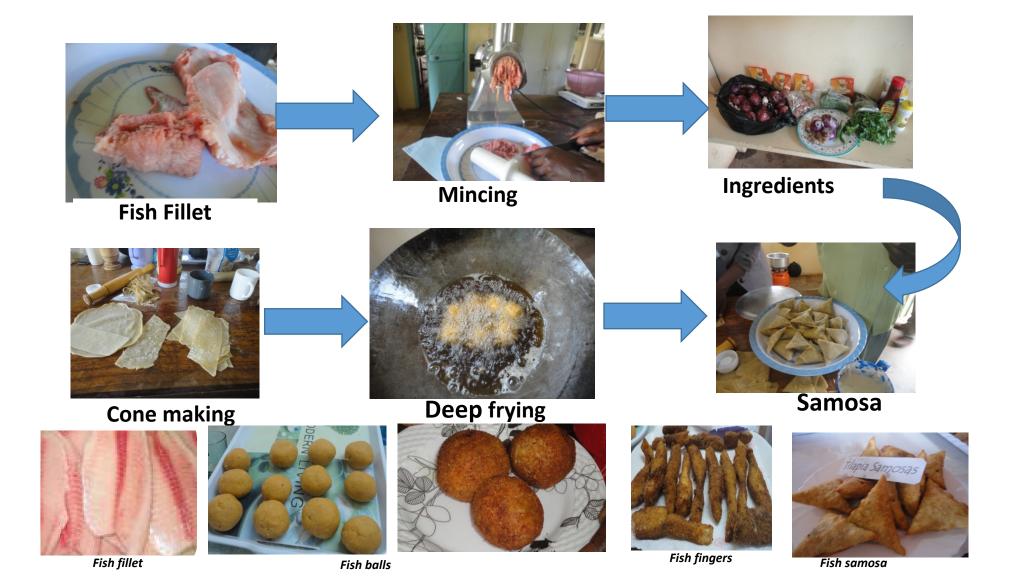


Figure 1: Graph showing various value added products and their number

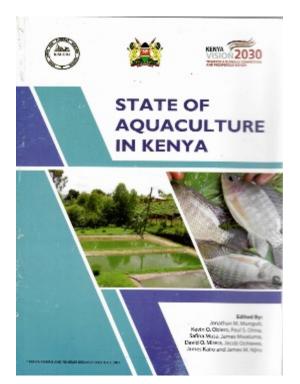


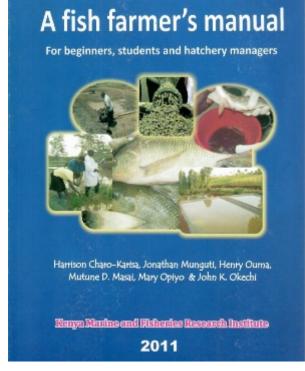
Plate 2: Some of the fish outlets in Kenya

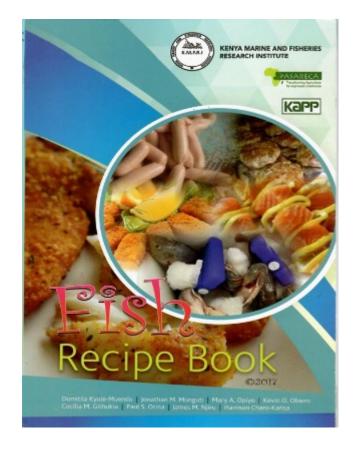
#### Value Addition

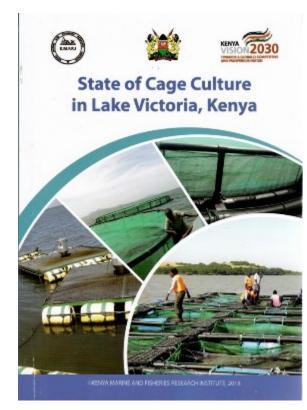


#### AQUACULTURE PUBLISHED MATERIAL



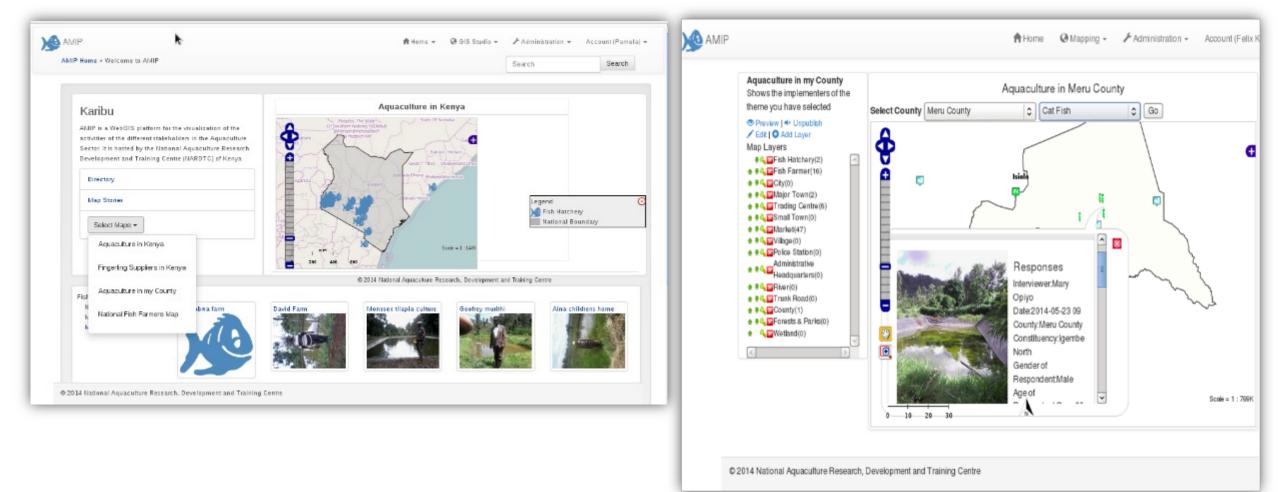






## Aquaculture Market Information Platform (AMIP)

 KMFRI Aquaculture division has developed a market information platform (AMIP) to ease linkages among aquaculture stakeholders.



## Linkages

- Raised wooden backyard ponds, greenhouse hatchery, in-pond raceway, use of novel plant and animal ingredients in feed formulation are the various technologies being implemented on-farm at various parts of the country.
- Partners in the adoption strategy include

✓SDF&BE

**√**CG

**√**AAK

Mombasa and Taita Taveta Counties







## Policy Gaps

- Lack of support on budget allocation at County levels
- Poor national and county synergy on sector promotion
- No clear cage guidelines yet
- Low consultative approaches to policies, frameworks and regulations
- High power tariffs
- High import duty
- Restrictive movement of genetic material
- Unfavorable fish market competition

## THANK YOU



